



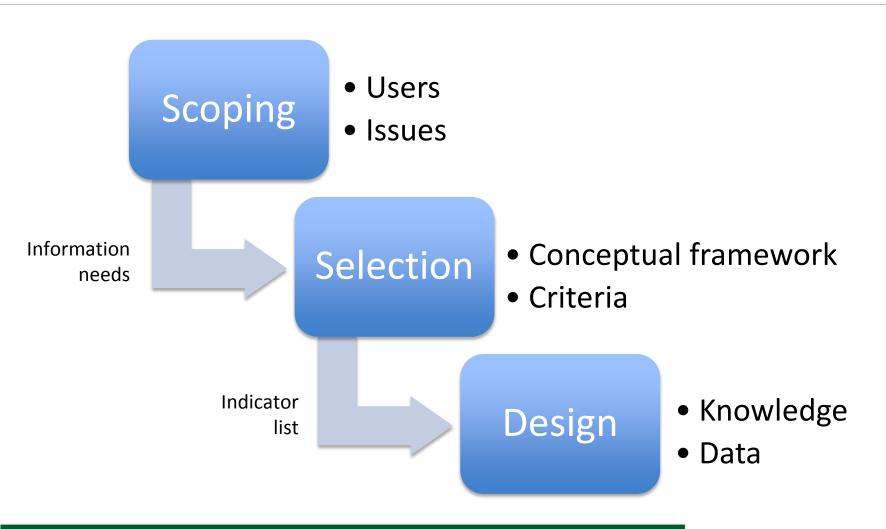
# DEVELOPING CLIMATE CHANGE AND HEALTH INDICATORS

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### WHAT WE DID - OVERVIEW

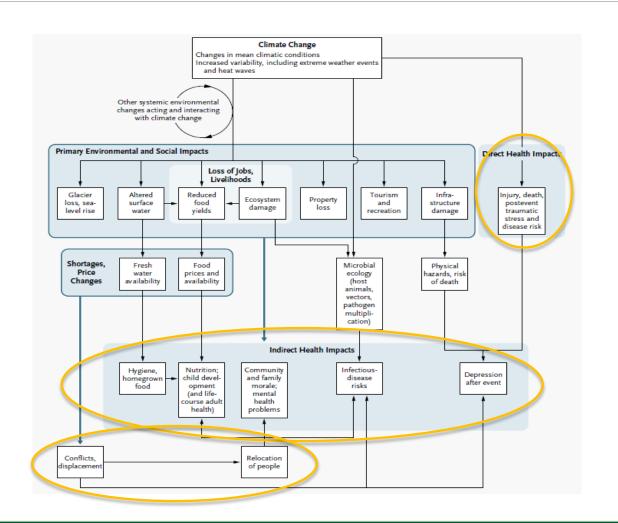








## SELECTION - CONCEPTUAL FRAMEWORK



- Direct effects
   e.g. Injury from extreme
   weather events
- Indirect effects
   e.g. Changing disease
   patterns
- Diffuse effects e.g. Displacement





## SELECTION - INDICATORS

	Indicator	Definition	Data source	Indicator selection criteria								
Indicator group				Data availability	Scientific validity	Sensitivity	Consistency	Comparability	sound measurement	Intelligible and easily interpreted	Ability to be disaggregated	Timeliness
Vulnerable populations (as modifier)	Ethnicity	Proportion of the population self-defining as Māori	Census	у	у	n/a	у	у	у	У	у	2
	Extremes of age	Proportion of the population <5 years, ≥65 years, or ≥80 years	Census	у	у	n/a	у	у	у	у	у	2
	Socioeconomic deprivation	NZDep2013 score	Otago University	у	у	n/a	у	у	у	у	у	2
	Contents insurance	Proportion of households with a residential contents insurance policy	IAG contents insurance	y?	n	n	n	n	n	~	У	?
Temperature related	Number of degree heating days	Number of days in which energy is required to heat a building, based on daily mean outdoor temperature and a specified base (indoor) temperature	CliFlo (NIWA)	у	2	2	~/n	2	у	~	y- to regions	у
	Minimum temperature <0°C	Number of days with a minimum air temperature less than 0°C	CliFlo (NIWA)	у	у	У	~	у	у	у	y- to regions	У





#### **RESULTS – INDICATOR LIST**

- Number of days with minimum air temperature < 0°C</li>
- Number of days with maximum air temperature > 25°C
- Number of days of soil moisture deficit
- Number of notifications of cryptosporidiosis
- Number of notifications of giardiasis
- Number of notifications of salmonellosis
- Proportion self-defining as Māori
- Proportion <5 years, ≥ 65 years, or ≥ 80 year</li>
- NZDep2013 socioeconomic deprivation





