

28 April 2023

From spreadsheets to operational outputs

Case studies in enabling human, animal and environmental health intelligence

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EPI-interactive

What we'll cover...

1. Challenges: from data streams to intelligence
2. Dashboarding capabilities (R Shiny)
3. Case studies

Get inspired!

Thank you!



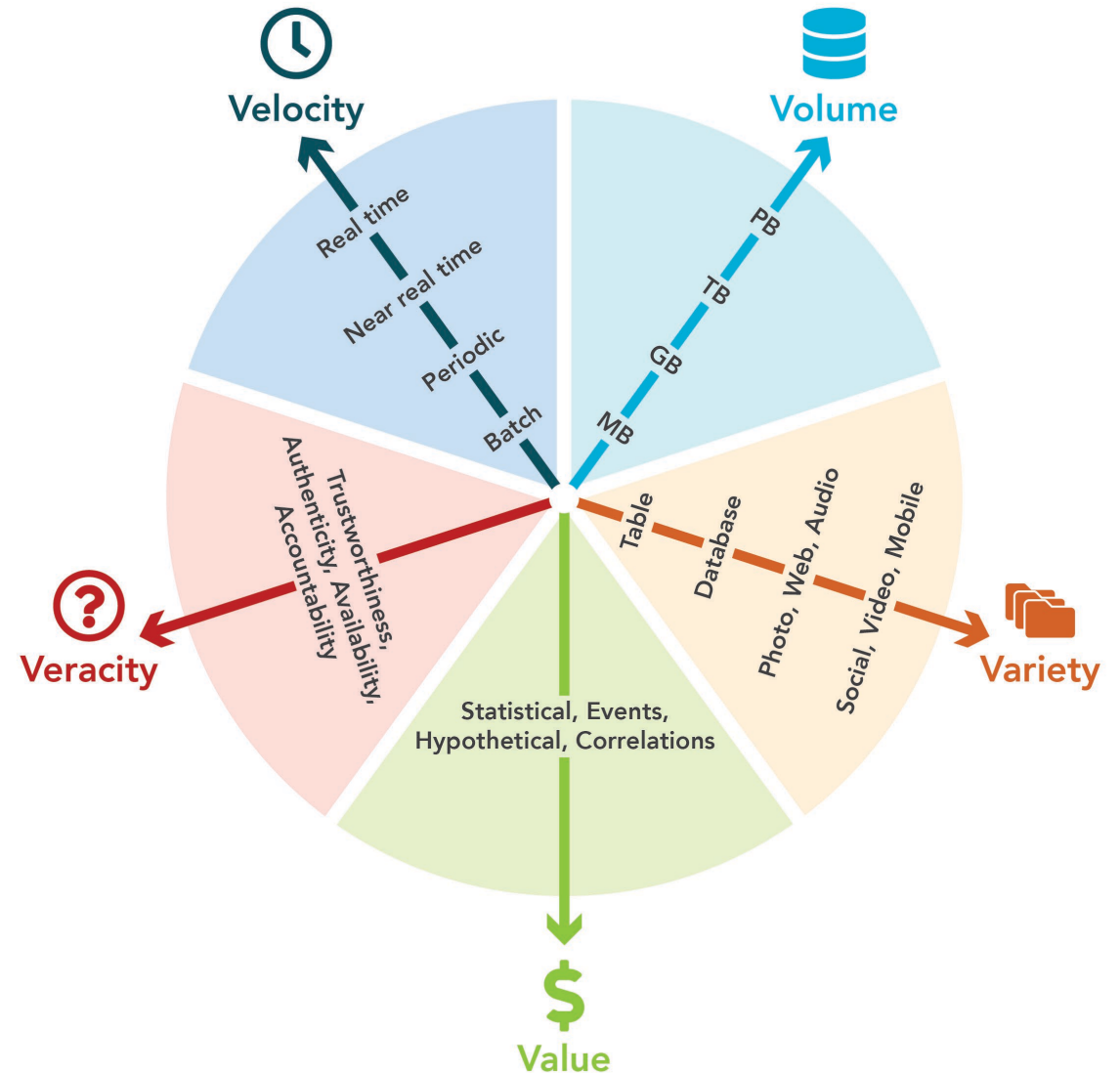
From data streams to intelligence

What has changed?

More and more data and we are struggling to use it well.

The Internet has changed the way we receive and process information.

From Surveillance to Intelligence to Decision Advantage



The challenge

Surveillance (CDC Definition)

The ongoing, systematic collection, analysis, and interpretation of health-related data essential to planning, implementation, and evaluation of public health practice.

Bridging the GAP

What decision makers are increasingly looking for:

Intelligence

The ability to read and respond effectively to a situation'. It's all about how you can gather together data in order to make faster, clearer decisions.

Decision advantage

Decision advantage when intelligence enables a decision-maker to better understand and address an issue.

Some comments...

“What is the best way to provide insights into my data?”

“Our data is not in the format right right now to produce meaningful insights”

“I’m not a data scientist or programmer – how easy is it to get started?”

“How long does it take to develop a dashboard?”

Many tools!

Out-of-the box (point and click)

- Tableau, PowerBI, Qlik

Programming (scripted)

- R / Python (open-source), SAS, SPSS
- HTML, CSS, JavaScript
- JavaScript frameworks: Angular, React, VueJS
- Java, ASP.NET, PHP, C, C++



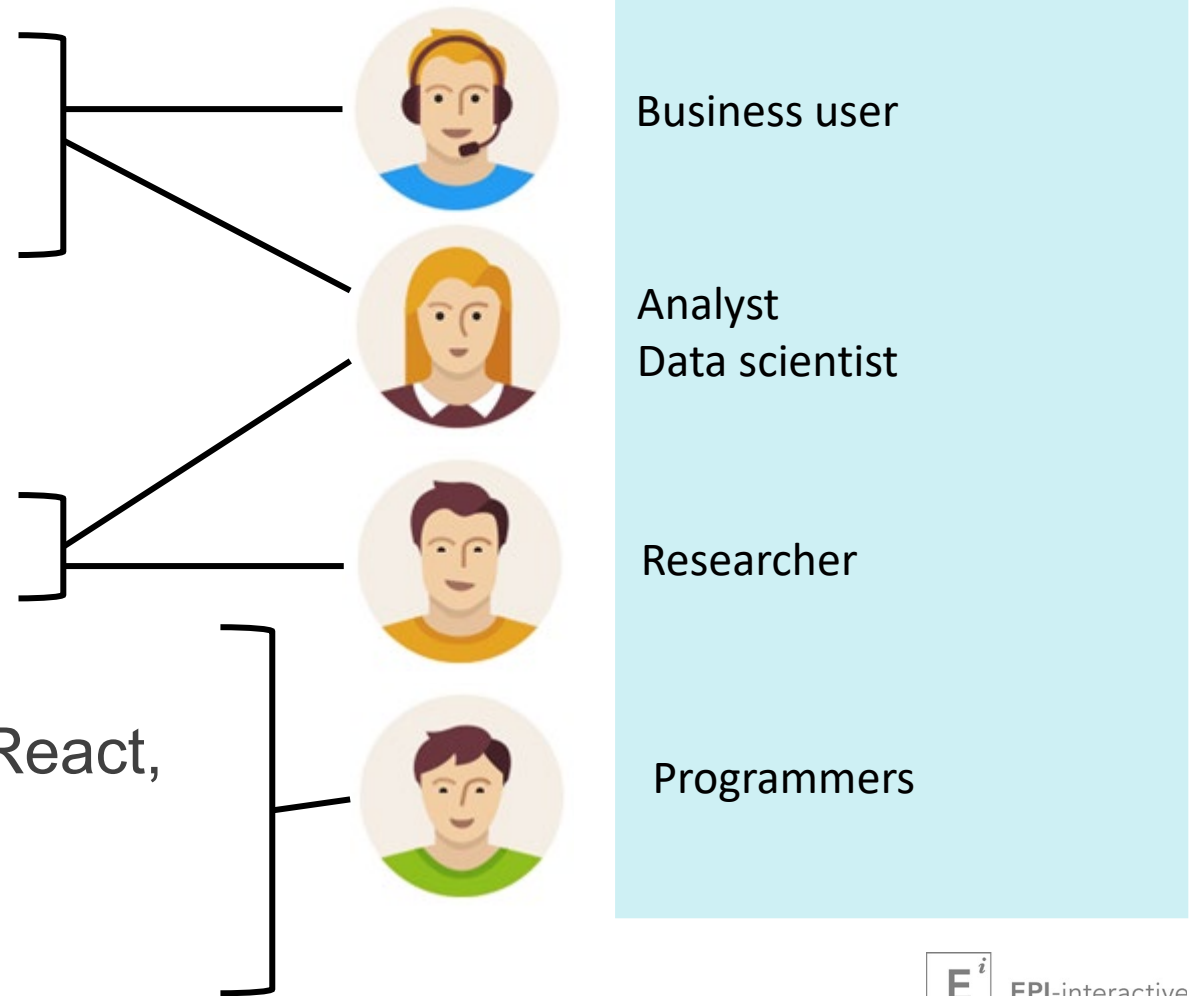
Who is using it?

Out-of-the box (point and click)

- Tableau, PowerBI, Qlik

Programming (scripted)

- R / Python, SAS, SPSS
- HTML, CSS, JavaScript
- JavaScript frameworks: Angular, React, VueJS
- Java, ASP.NET, PHP



Why we use open source

Reproducibility

Validated environment

Resiliency

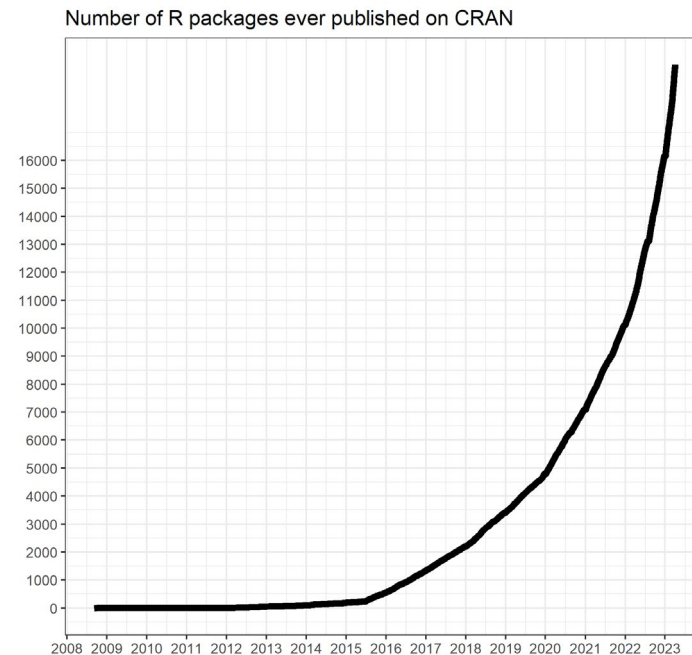
No vendor lock-in

Participation

Community vs single vendor

Accessibility

Free access for anybody



The R toolset

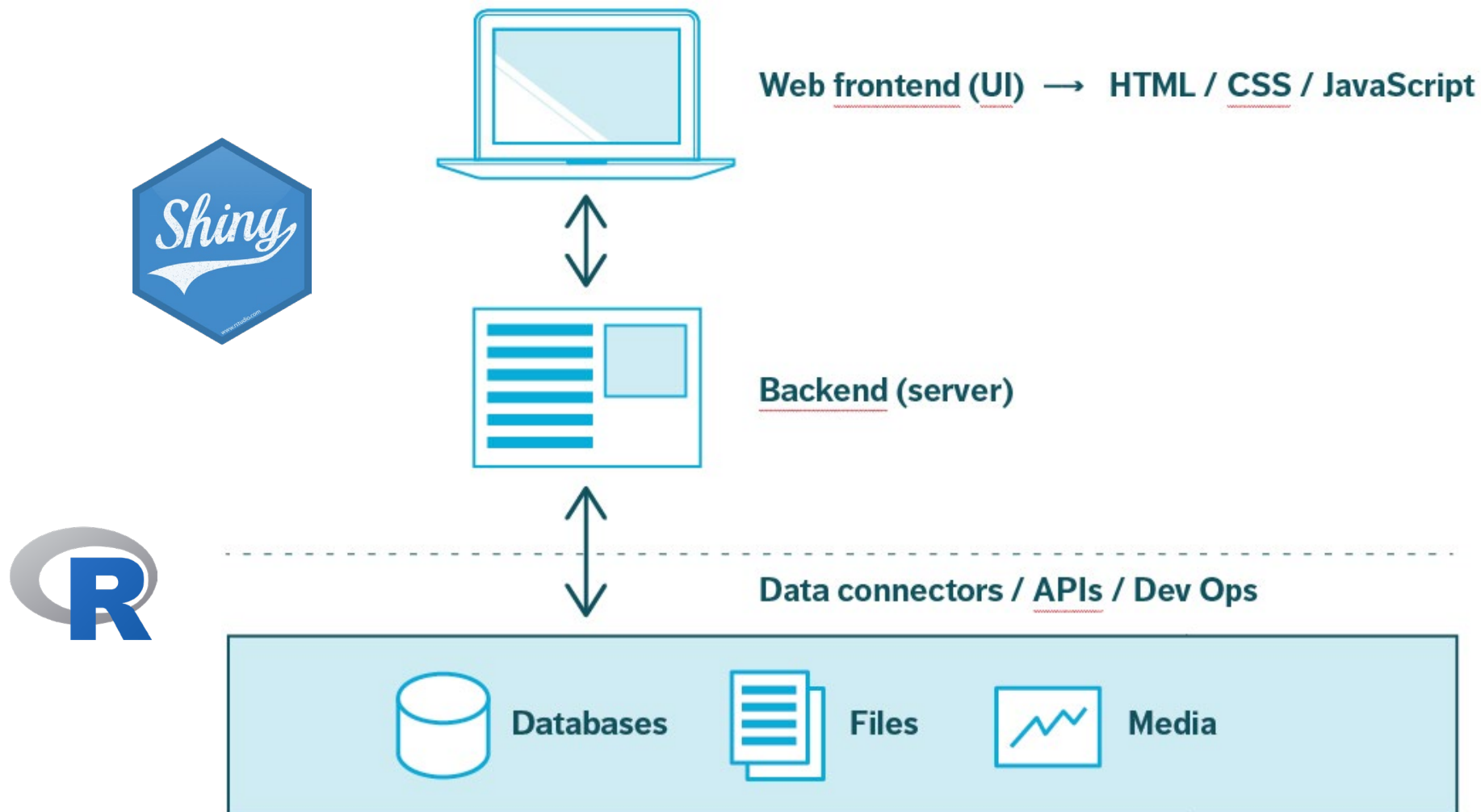
R

- ETL – extract, transform, load
- Model creation, data analytics and science, data visualisation
- Base R, R packages

R outputs

- Markdown, Quarto
- R Shiny for dashboards
- Data access: data connectors, Pins, RDS
- APIs: openCPU, Plumber

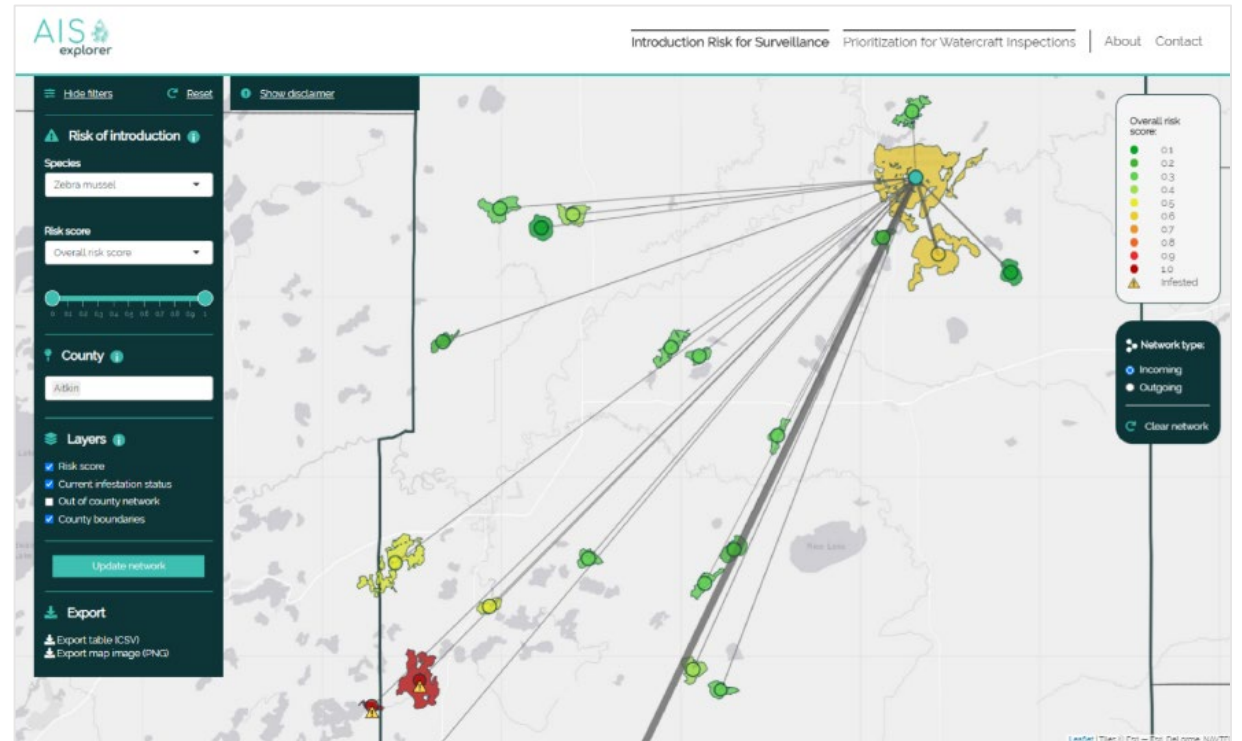
R Shiny ecosystem



R Shiny capabilities

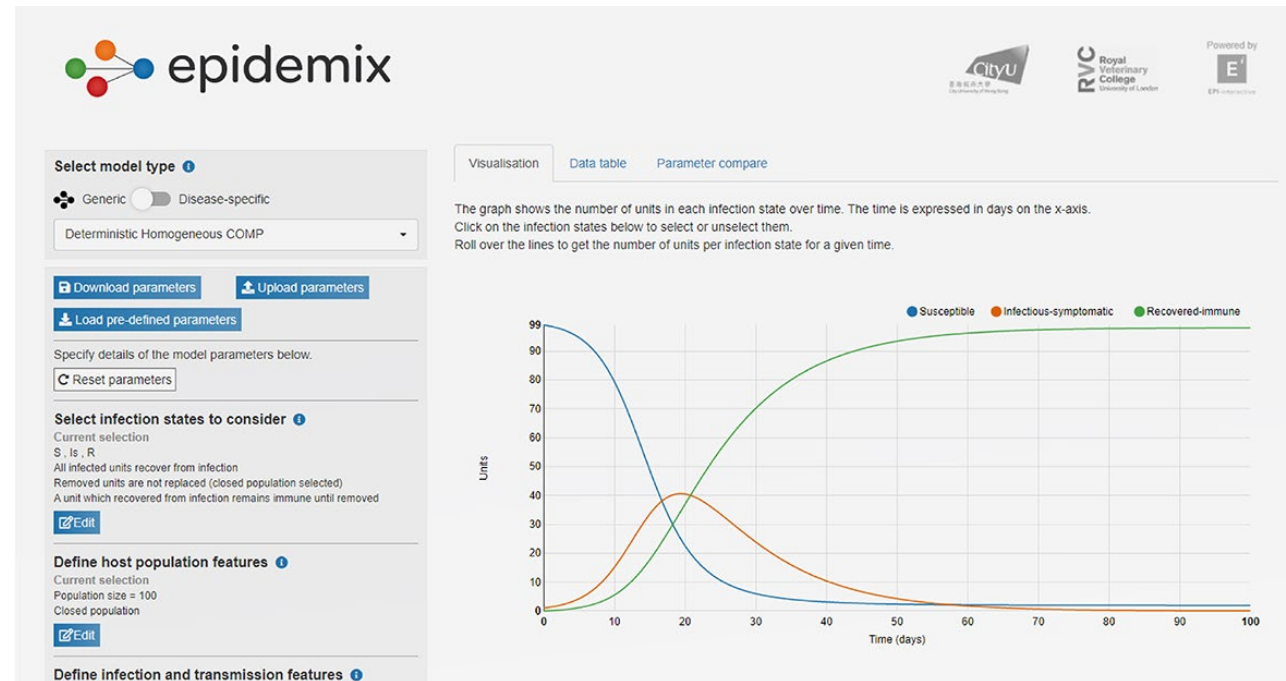
It empowers people!

- Custom theming
- Extension with common web technologies
- It's accessible and easy to get started
- It's free



From R to R Shiny

Natural transition from R to R Shiny!

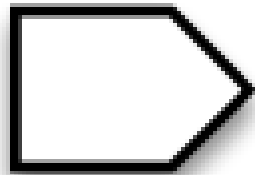


[Epidemix.app](#)

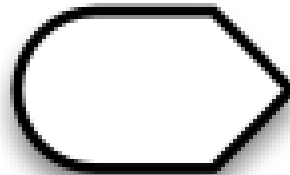
Reactive programming

- R Shiny is purpose built for dashboards
- Use of reactive programming
- Isolate behaviour

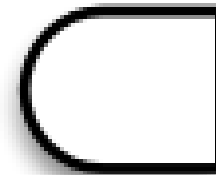
Reactive source



Reactive conductor

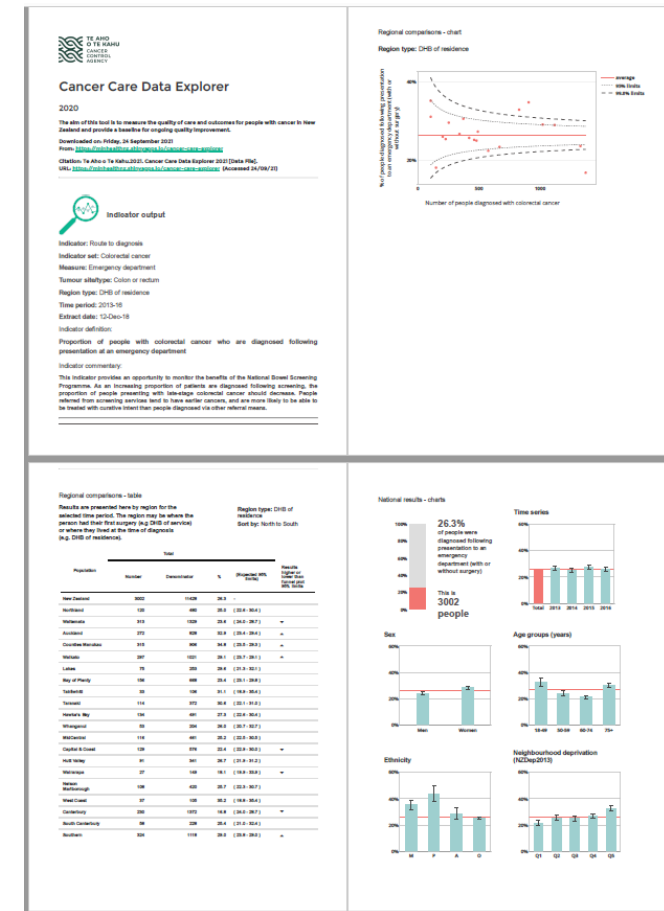
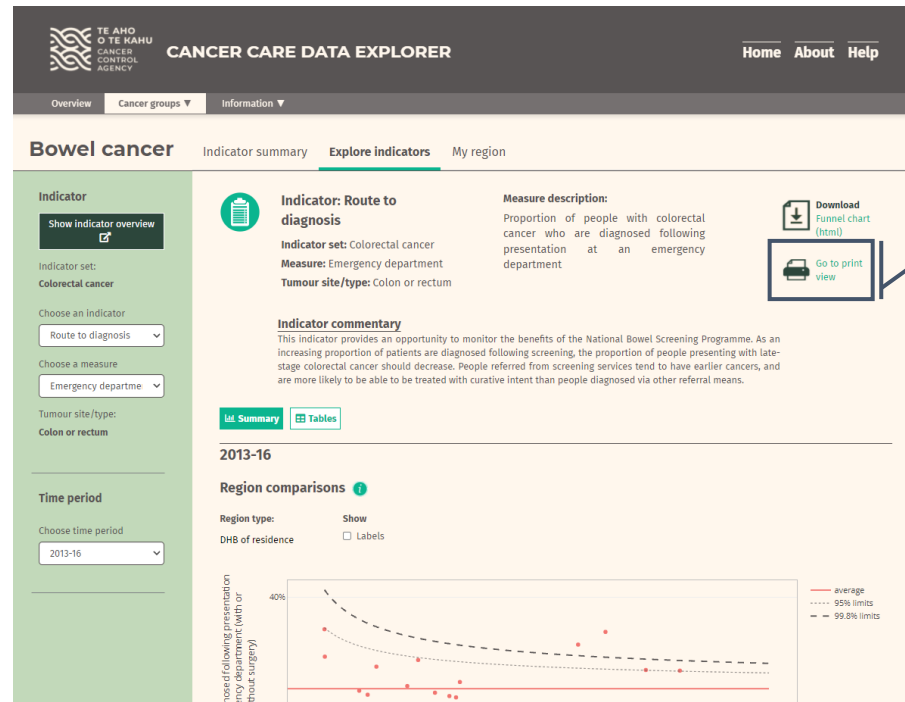


Reactive endpoint



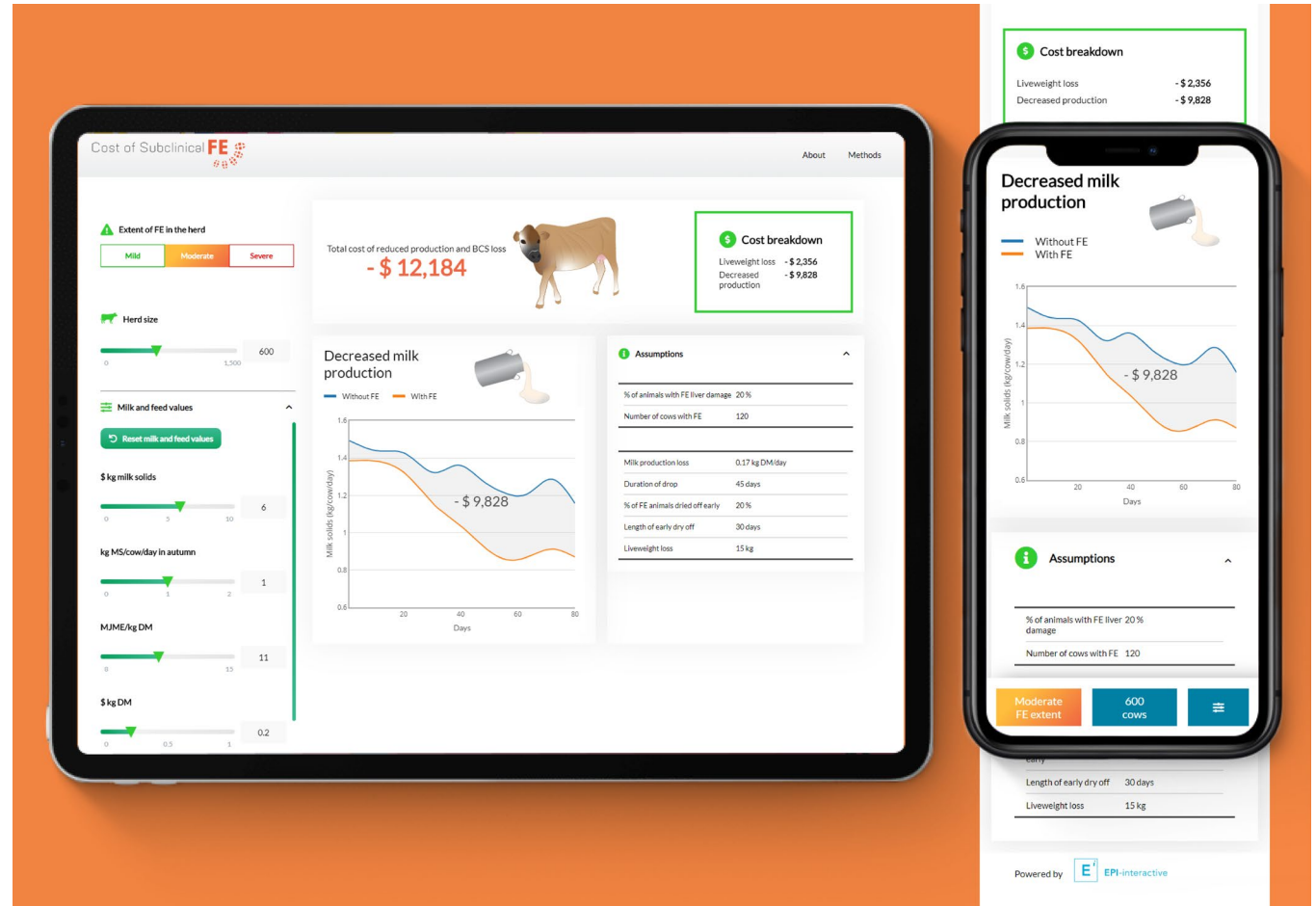
Automated reporting

- Self-service PDF reporting



Mobile support

- In-built responsiveness
- Built with Bootstrap



Case study: WHO GLASS

Insights into a global health issue

The challenge

GLASS: Global antimicrobial resistance and surveillance system

Annual report

<https://www.who.int/publications/i/item/9789240062702>

1. Standardised and reproducible way to generate GLASS visualisations for the report
2. Complimentary dashboard

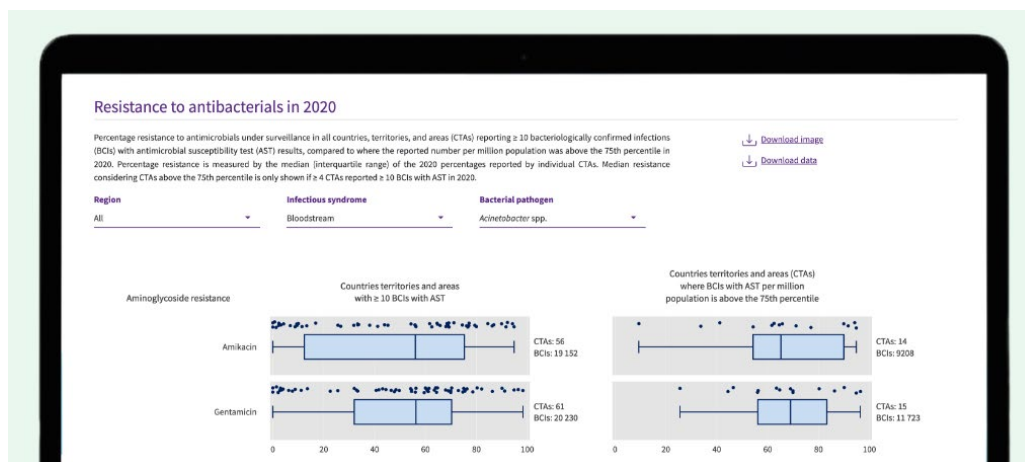
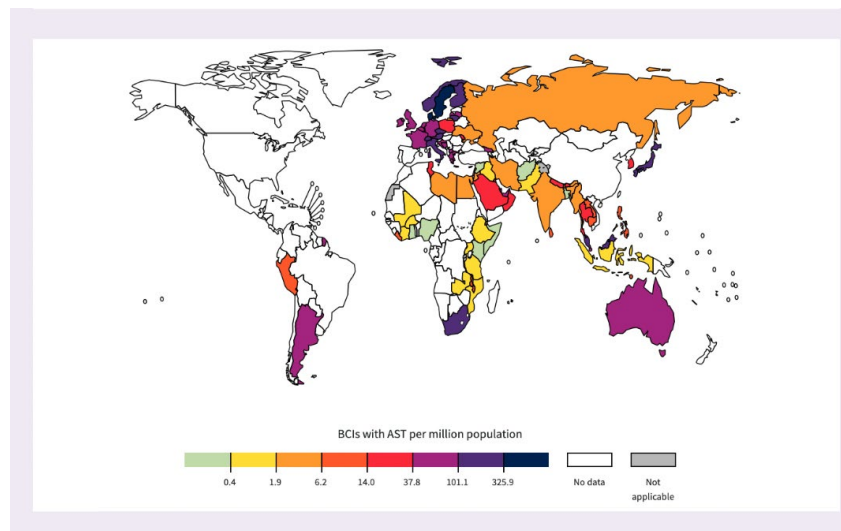
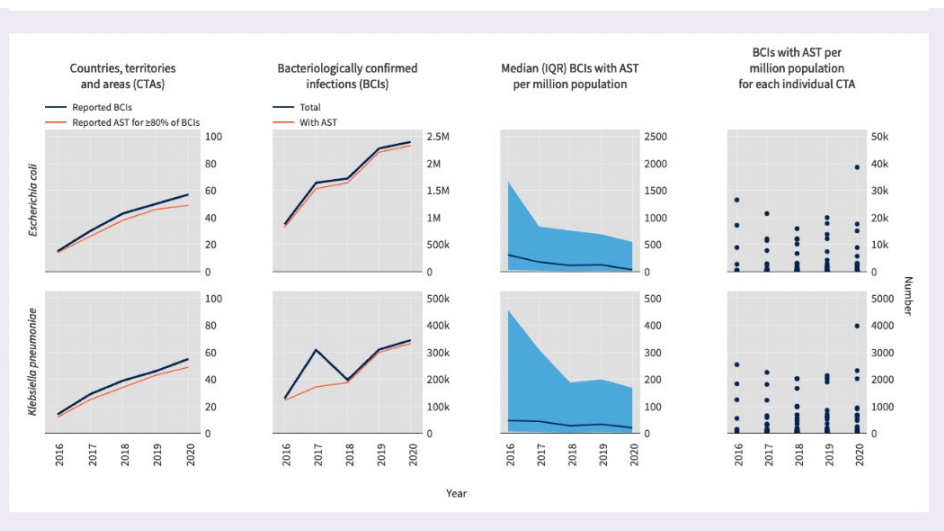


GLASS Dashboard – AMC data


<https://worldhealthorg.shinyapps.io/glass-dashboard/>

GLASS Dashboard – AMR data

<https://worldhealthorg.shinyapps.io/glass-dashboard/>



GLASS Dashboard – Country profiles



About the GLASS dashboardGlobal AMC dataGlobal AMR dataCountry, territory or area profiles


GLASS dashboard

Country, territory or area profiles

The country, territory or area (CTA) filter, considers 236 CTAs. Selecting a CTA will display the enrolment status **up to 31st December 2021**. For CTAs enrolled in GLASS up to end of 2021, the data contributed to the 2022 GLASS report is provided where available. You can choose to display AMC or AMR related data in the filter provided at the bottom of this page.

Country, Territory or Area

United States of America



Country, Territory, Area: United States of America

WHO Region: Region of the Americas

Income group (June 2021, World Bank): High income

GLASS-AMC enrollment year: Not enrolled

GLASS-AMR enrollment year: 2016

Data Availability ⓘ

GLASS-AMC: NoGLASS-AMR: No

Participation in GLASS-AMR Focused Surveillance and Special Studies ⓘ

Focused surveillance

Surveillance of AMR in *Candida* spp.✓

Enhanced Gonococcal AMR surveillance programme (EGASP)✗

Special studies

Case study: Climate Matching

Comparing current and future climates

The challenge

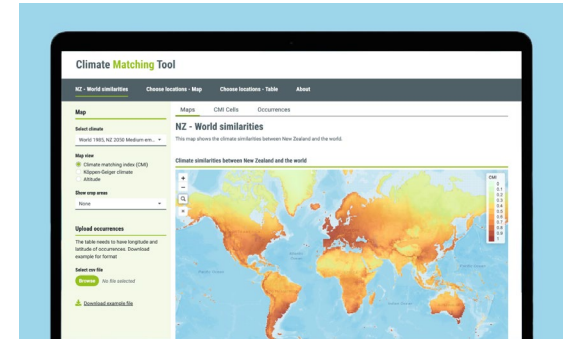
Pest risk analysts frequently ask if the climate of a pest risk analysis area could be suitable for the establishment of an organism of concern.

- Important for biosecurity and border protection
- Builds on multi-year research effort by AgResearch

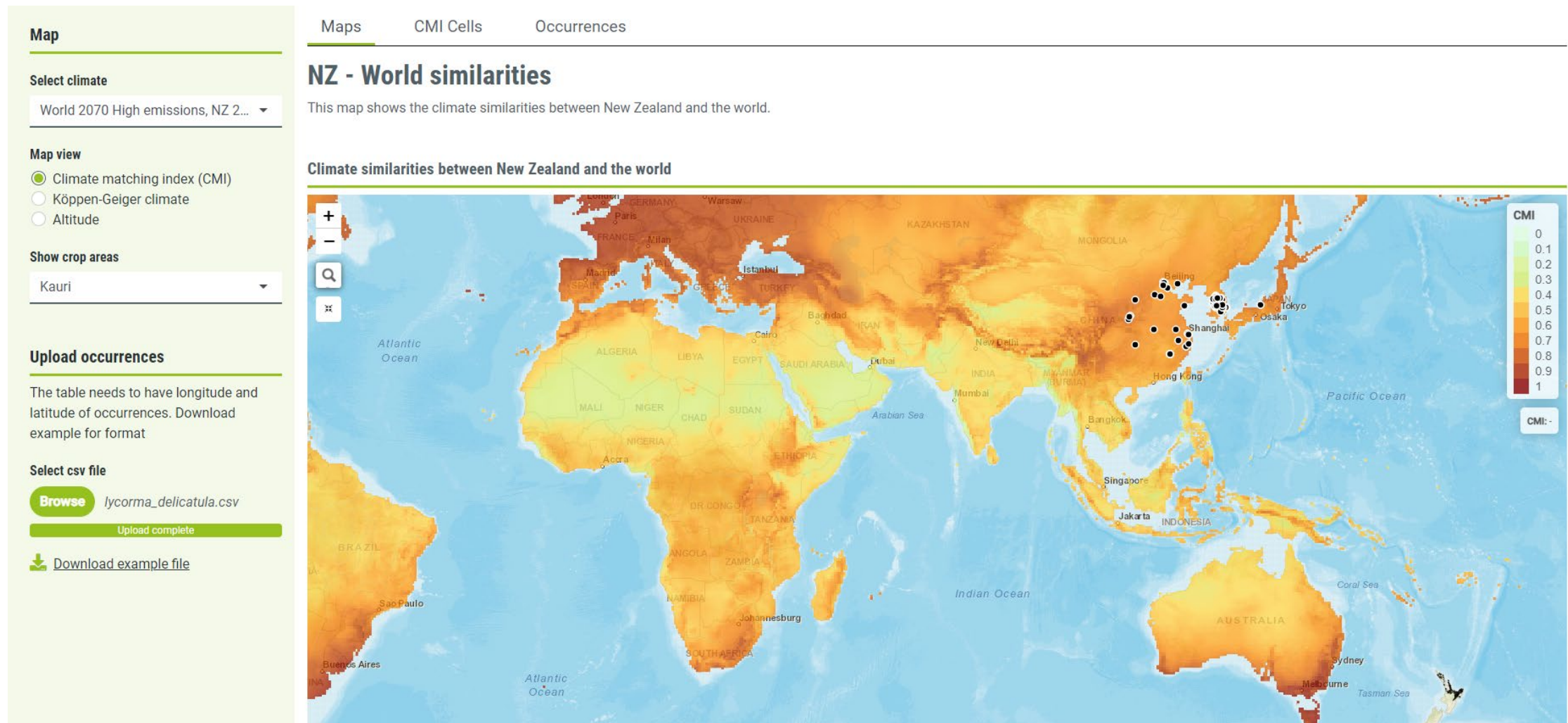
Dashboard available at:

<https://climate.b3nz.org.nz/>

- Collaboration with AgResearch and B3
- Funded by Ministry for Primary Industries



Climate similarities NZ - World



CMI of uploaded locations

Map

Select climate

World 2070 High emissions, NZ 2... ▾

Map view

- ☒ Climate matching index (CMI)
☐ Köppen-Geiger climate
☐ Altitude

Show crop areas

Kauri ▾


Upload occurrences

The table needs to have longitude and latitude of occurrences. Download example for format

Select csv file

Browse lycorma_delicatula.csv

Upload complete

 [Download example file](#)

Maps

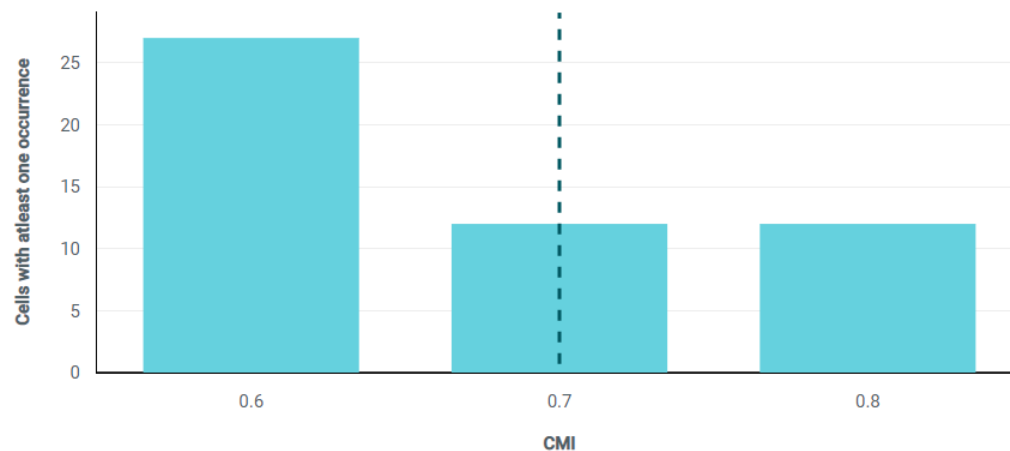
CMI Cells

Occurrences

This feature can be used when uploading occurrences. This graph represents the frequency of climate matching index cells overlapping with unique occurrences. (i.e. if multiple occurrences coincided with a CMI cell, they were counted only once). This graph can be used when the user wants to eliminate the effects of spatial correlation/sampling bias on occurrences.

Barplot of CMI cells

Selected map is all NZ. The occurrences coincided with 51 CMI cells. The proportion of the 51 cells with CMIs ≥ 0.7 is 47.1%.



 [Download zip file of results](#)

Zip file will contain the barplot (cml_plot.png), its caption in a separate text file (cml_caption.txt) and the plotted data (cml_data.csv). In this dataset the uploaded occurrences will be filtered to one per climate cell.

Compare individual climate stations

Select weather station and climate

Region: Asia ▾

Country: Hong Kong ▾

Station: Hongkong (HKG) ▾

Climate: 1985 ▾

Select comparison climate

Climate: 2070 - High emissions ▾

Map View

- ☒ Default map
- ☐ Köppen-Geiger climate
- ☐ Altitude

Show crop areas

None ▾

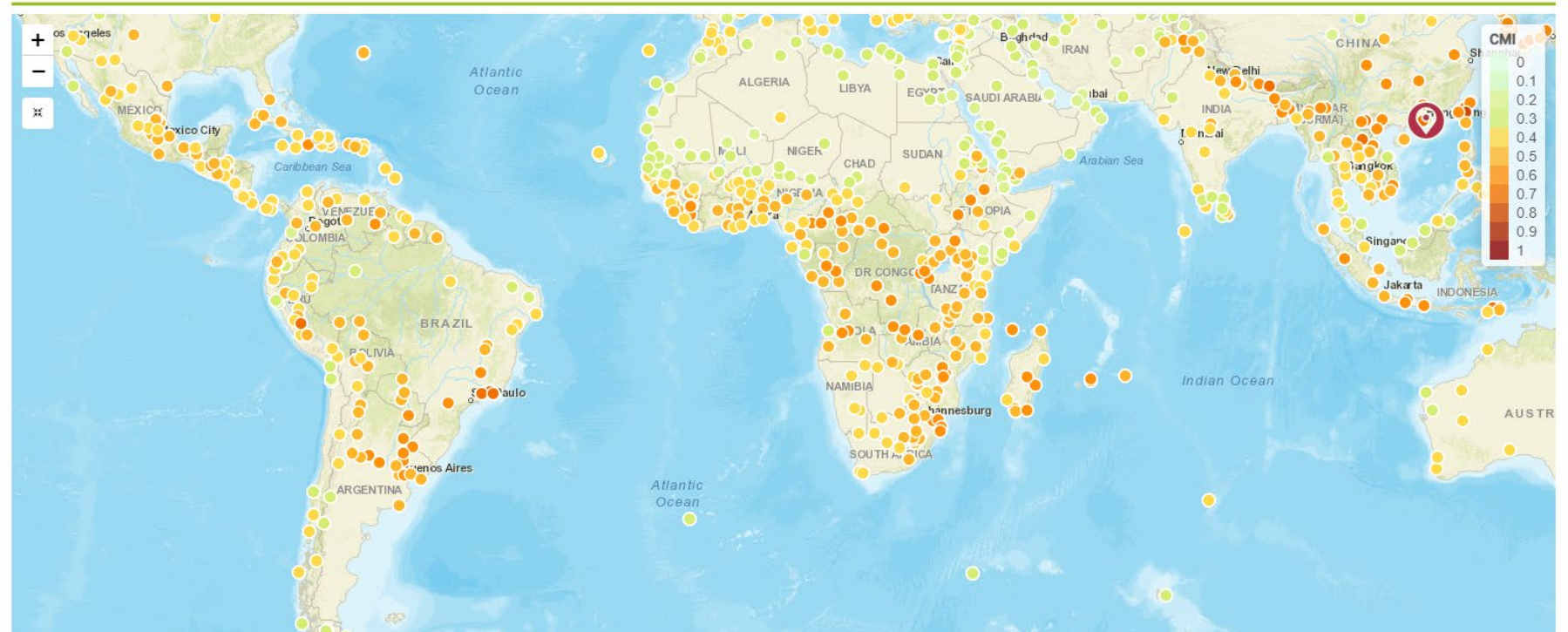
Upload occurrences

The table needs to have longitude and latitude of occurrences. Download

Choose locations - Map

This map allows user to compare a weather station's climate against the rest of weather stations.

Weather stations' climate similarities (CMI)



Compare multiple weather stations

Select climate group one

Location one

Region: Asia
Country: Hong Kong
Station: All stations

Location two

Region: Asia
Country: China
Station:

Chu Chiang (CHN)
Longzhou (CHN)
Mei Tan (CHN)
Nanjing (CHN)
Naran Bulag (CHN)
Qinglong (CHN)
Baoji (CHN)
Changsha (CHN)
Chengdu (CHN)
Kaba He (CHN)
Kashgar (CHN)

Choose locations - Table

This table allows the user to compare multiple weather stations' climates.

[Download csv file of comparison for all locations \(115MB\)](#)

[Download csv file of all climate stations coordinates](#)

Weather stations climate similarities table (CMI)

[Download csv file of results](#)

Climate group one: 1985 Sort: Default

Climate group two: 1985

	Group one	Baoji (CHN)	Changsha (CHN)	Chengdu (CHN)	Chu Chiang (CHN)	Hongkong (HKG)	Kaba He (CHN)	Kashgar (CHN)	Longzhou (CHN)	Madoi (CHN)	Mei Tan (CHN)	Nanjing (CHN)	Naran Bulag (CHN)	Qinglong (CHN)	Qionghai (CHN)
Group two		◆	◆	◆	◆	◆	◆	◆	◆	◆	◆	◆	◆	◆	◆
Battambang (KHM)	◆	0.38	0.47	0.46	0.51	0.54	0.20	0.25	0.68	0.13	0.46	0.46	0.16	0.27	0.74
Kompong Cham (KHM)	◆	0.34	0.44	0.42	0.53	0.60	0.18	0.23	0.63	0.12	0.42	0.41	0.15	0.25	0.82
Phnom Penh Pochentong (KHM)	◆	0.35	0.46	0.43	0.49	0.50	0.19	0.24	0.64	0.12	0.43	0.43	0.15	0.26	0.71
Stung Treng (KHM)	◆	0.35	0.41	0.44	0.51	0.64	0.18	0.23	0.63	0.13	0.40	0.41	0.15	0.26	0.78

Case study: Epidemix

Comparing current and future climates

Connecting science and policy



Professor Dirk Pfeiffer

Tierarzt, Dr.med.vet., PhD, MANZCVSc, DipECVPH,
FHEA

City University of Hong Kong
Chow Tak Fung Chair Professor
of One Health



Dr Guillaume Fournié

DrVetMed MSc PhD

Royal Veterinary College, UK
Senior Research Fellow



Epidemix

<https://www.epidemix.app/>



Select model type

☒ Generic ☐ Disease-specific

Deterministic Homogeneous COMP

Download parameters

Upload parameters

Load pre-defined parameters

Specify details of the model parameters below.

Reset parameters

Select infection states to consider

Current selection
S, I_s, R
All infected units recover from infection
Removed units are not replaced (closed population selected)
A unit which recovered from infection remains immune until removed

Get it!

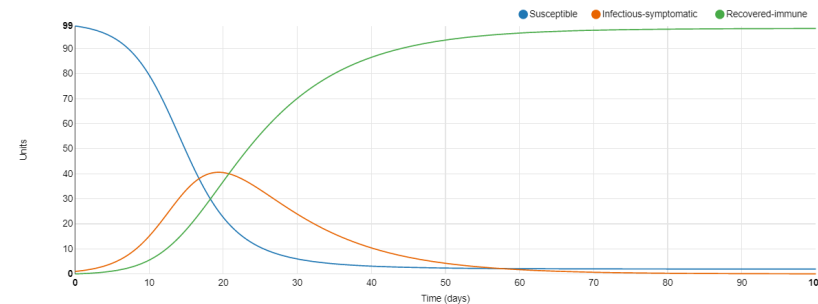
Define host population features

Current selection
Population size = 100
Closed population

Get it!

Visualisation Data Table Parameter compare

The graph shows the number of units in each infection state over time. The time is expressed in days on the x-axis.
Click on the infection states below to select or unselect them.
Roll over the lines to get the number of units per infection state for a given time.



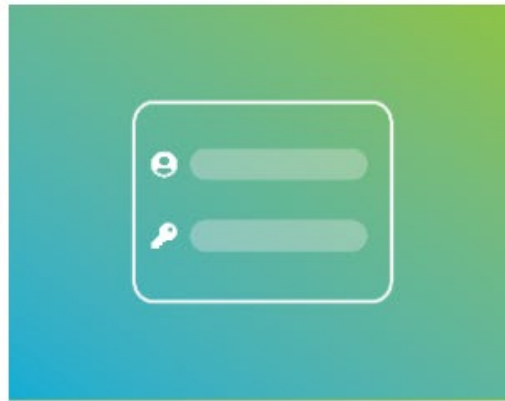
Epi-interactive GitHub

epi-interactive.github.io

Loading and Progress Indicators



User Authentication



Datatable Overlay



Custom Theming



Dynamic PDF Generator



Choropleth Grid



R Exchange 2023

Our NZ event for R users is back!

For the third year running, we're supporting a local opportunity to connect with other users of R and related open-source software tools. Come and join us at this event to learn how to make the most of R in your work and your organisation.

Learn more and register at
epi-interactive.com/events/r-exchange-2023



Powered by  EPI-interactive



Friday, 5 May 2023

Wellington, New Zealand



Questions?

- What are your challenges?
- What is your experience with dashboarding tools?
- Any stories to share?

Keep in touch

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